

2018 Tree and Shrub Program



- ◊ **Plant Order Deadline: March 6th**. Plant orders are filled on a first come, first served basis. Orders received after March 1st will be filled if plants are available. We will refund your money for any portion of an order not filled.
- ◊ **Order Pick-Up: Please indicate on your order form where you will pick-up your plants.**

April 27: at the Gilmanton Iron Works Fire Station from 5-7 PM at the intersection of Routes 140 and Church Street (behind the Post Office).

April 28: from 10 AM—2 PM at Picnic Rock Farm (formerly Longridge Farm), Route 3 in Meredith.

April 29: from 10 AM –12 PM at Picnic Rock Farm (formerly Longridge Farm), Route 3 in Meredith.

BCCD will not be responsible for plant stock once it is removed from the pickup site. Put your plants in the ground as soon as possible after pickup.

Belknap CCD's 26th annual fundraising sale is offering a wide variety of plants. Please read our plant Description pages; they're full of information! IF we have plants left over we will have a Surplus Plant Sale. **Information and Commonly asked questions:**

Note: when you pick up your plants most of them will be dormant (not yet leafed out) and will be packed 'bareroot' meaning they are not in soil. We keep the roots moist and the plants in cold storage to simulate winter conditions until a few days before you pick them up.

Important Tip: When choosing your plants, it is important to note what the appropriate soil conditions & light requirements are for your selections. The Order Form and Descriptions section have symbols and a key to guide you.

- ◊ **USDA Plant Hardiness Zone** is the standard by which gardeners can determine which plants are most likely to thrive at a location. Belknap County is within USDA Plant Hardiness Zone range of 4b to 5b with some scattered areas of Zone 6a. To see what zone your town may be within check out this website and enter your zip code. <http://planthardiness.ars.usda.gov/phzweb/interactivemap.aspx> We typically offer plant varieties with a Hardiness Zone of 4 or lower (more cold tolerant) and indicate on the sales information when a plant prefers Zone 5.
- ◊ **Will all the plants survive?** Most of them will. Typically 70-95% of seedlings, 80-95% of transplants, 90-100% of grafted fruit trees, 95% of containerized items survive. Keeping the roots healthy is key.
- ◊ **What is the difference between those types?** "Seedlings" are from cuttings grown in one place or seed; transplants, ie (2-3) grew 2 years as a seedling then moved for more space to a transplant bed for 3 years. This results in a sturdier plant with greater root, stem and branch development & more shape. Grafted fruit trees have the rootstock of one variety of tree spliced with a branch from another variety to help control how big the tree will get, fruit maturation, & to improve overall performance.
- ◊ **What can I do to help them?** bareroot stock - plant will come wrapped in damp packing material, not in soil. Take your plants home and get them in the ground quickly, especially the bare items. If you want to soak your plants in water, leave them for no longer than an hour, longer than that can damage them. If you can't plant them as soon as you get home, leave them in their wrappers in a cool, dark place. If it will be more than a few days, the plants might prefer if you heel them in: dig an angled trench, remove the wrappings, put the roots into the trench, water them, then cover with soil and water again. Roots dry out very quickly, so it is important to keep them covered with moist wrappings while you work on planting others in the package. Containerized plants are not in soil and will also dry out if not frequently watered.
- ◊ **Do I really need to cut back the fruit trees?** It helps them recover from losing roots during harvesting, & develop a better shape for fruit production. There is a method and reason for how trees are pruned. We will provide information for you when you pick up your plants.
- ◊ **Do I need 2 varieties to get fruit or nuts?** Most often, yes. Cross pollination usually means plants need pollen from another variety of the same type of plant. For example: Patriot Blueberries don't pollinate Patriot Blueberries—you need a different kind of blueberry or wild blueberry to pollinate. Same for apples. Some nut trees will cross pollinate within the same variety and having more than one tree helps production.

2018 BCCD Plant and Product Descriptions

Orders Due March 6

Full Sun ☉ Part sun ◐ Shade ● Wet ☉ Well Drained ❖ Moist ☼ Dry ☼ Salt tolerant ☐ Poison ☠ A acid soil Z5 zone 5
 Drought Resistant ✖ Cross pollination ☒ Growth R = rapid M = moderate S = slow Deer dislike ☉ ☼ resists some diseases

SPECIES GROWTH NEEDS GROWTH RATE REMARKS: Resists Some Disease ☼ Ground Cover (G)
 R= rapid M= medium S= slow Native Plant (N) good for Shoreland (S)
 SIZE H= high W= wide

EVERGREEN, CONIFERS			
Fir, Balsam	☉❖☼N A	M 60-75'	Symmetrical Christmas tree. Balsam aroma, good needle retention. 3/4" flat needles, tolerates most soils prefers acidic, well-drained, sandy, moist soil. Don't plant in frost pocket or hot southern slope
Fir, Balsam Cook's Blue	☉◐❖☼N A	M 50-70' H 25-30' W	Needles are soft, bluish-green in color with a silver flash on the underside, have good retention and excellent fragrance. Suitable for bough material. Tolerates most soil types but prefers acidic, well-drained, moist sandy soils. Tree said to be more heat tolerant than other Balsams.
Fir, Canaan	☉◐❖☼	S/M 50' H; 25 W	Relatively dense, pyramidal shape; spire-like tip. Short, soft needles often lustrous, dark green to bluish-green with silvery bands on the underside. Resistant to frost injury; late bud break. Has good Christmas tree attributes. Highly adaptable to many soil conditions even wet, poorly drained areas. Thrives in cooler climates. Suitable as an accent plant, screen or group planting
Fir, Fraser	☉◐❖☼	S-M 40-60' H	Called "Southern Balsam". Favorable Christmas tree. Grows in drier, warmer areas. Excellent choice for all of Belknap County.
Juniper, Blue Rug	☉◐❖☼	R 4' H 5' W	Excellent native ground cover; spreads 5' and sometimes more. Often planted in large number on sloped banks. Color is deep blue green; tinged purple in winter. G(N)
Spruce, Black Hills	☉❖☼☼	S 40' H; 25' W	Very tolerant of wind, heat, cold, drought and overcrowding. Grows best in full sun; ordinary soils. Provides dense screen and wildlife shelter. Does not get misshapen as it matures.

CONSERVATION, WILDLIFE, GROUNDCOVERS & OTHER ITEMS

Arrowwood Viburnum	☉❖☼N	4-12'	Use as screen/ border, has excellent wildlife value. Fruit is eaten by songbirds, grouse, chipmunks; and more. Oval, heart-shaped, smooth leaves are dark green and are 4" long - 3" wide. White flowers bloom in May/June and are small but cluster to 4" across. The blue/black fruit is about 1/2" The bark of Arrowwood is grey and smooth. (N) Susceptible to Viburnum Leaf Beetle
Black Haw Viburnum	☉◐❖☼☼	15'	Relatively pest free, one of the best large viburnum's in the north, frequently grown as a small tree substitute for Hawthorn. Blue-black fruit used for preserves or by wildlife. Red fall color. White spring flowers. Tolerant to Black Walnut trees.
Cranberry, High Bush (aka American Cranberry bush)	☉◐☼A (N)(S)	M 6-10'	Clusters of white flowers in June, bright red berries in fall persisting into winter. Very tart fruit, substitute for true cranberries. Good for hedges, borders, shore land, birds & wild turkeys. Good wildlife cover wildlife; deer & moose enjoy twigs.
Elderberry, American	☉◐❖☼ NS☼	M 12' H	Small yellow/white flowers grow in large flat clusters. Purple/black berry good to eat, jelly or wine, bird favorite, attracts bees. Suckering native shrub. Only berries are edible; other parts of plants poisonous. Prefers moist soil not wet.
Lilac, Common Purple	☉☼☼N	M-R 12-20' H	Fragrant lilac blossoms in May. Attractive green foliage good for screening and seed provides abundant bird food. Good air circulation and lime application are beneficial to plant and bloom, pH 6.5 or higher. (NH state flower.)
Pachysandra	☉◐☼❖☼ GN	R 6-12'	Grows in sun or shade, to a uniform height of 6-12". Excellent in masses under heavy shade of trees. A dense, lustrous evergreen, trailing vine-type of ground cover. White flowers March-early April. Plant 6" apart, for a pleasing effect immediately and form to a solid ground cover in 2 years. Any soil. Water liberally. VERY HARDY. Fine for terraces or places where grass is not successful.
Sand Cherry	☉☼❖	M 4-7'	Silvery green foliage, white flowers. Purple-black, sweet edible fruit suitable for home use. Fruit eaten fresh, dried, or as jellies and pies. Planted in rural areas for wildlife food and habitat, fruit relished by songbirds. Nesting cover for some songbirds. Good loafing/ roosting cover for song/ game birds. Browsed by deer.
Snowberry	☉◐☼N	M 4' H	Bright snow-white berries are ornamental after the leaves drop. Flowers attract pollinators; berries eaten by birds. Attractive foliage. Good in partial shade and moist locations. Excellent for erosion control. Native drought tolerant species. (N)
Willow, Nashiki	☉◐☼❖	15-20' H 6-10' W	Weeping branches display striking pink stems and buds, surrounded by foliage mottled in white, green and pink highlights. Brightly colored stems provide excellent winter interest by turning bright red. Perfect garden accent.
Willow, Pussy <i>An old time favorite!</i>	☉◐❖☼NS	M 12-20	White-silver haired catkins on naked shoots in late winter, often used in decoration, keep plant trimmed for easy cutting. Important source of food for many species and provides cover for some. Also good erosion control plant.

DECIDUOUS AND NUT TREES

American Mountain Ash	☉◐☼❖N	S 30'	Dark green leaves, white flowers, brilliant orange-red fruit that holds into winter. Fruiting increases with age. Excellent bird food value. Prefers moist and wetland border areas, has stunted growth in dry soils.
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2018 Belknap County Conservation District Plant Sale – Order Form

Orders Due March 6, 2018

Make check out to:

BELKNAP COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT
A Fund Raiser

64 Court Street, Laconia, NH 03246

603-527-5880

Name _____

Mailing Address _____

Town _____ State _____ Zip _____

Cell# _____ Home# _____

E-mail _____

Orders must be prepaid and should be at BCCD by March 6 for best availability. Orders received after that date will be filled as plants are available. Refunds will be available for items no longer in stock. Please indicate below where you will be picking up your order. ↓

- I will pick up my order at Gilman Iron Works Fire Station on Fri. April 27, 2018 5:00 PM-7:00 PM
 I will pick-up my order at Picnic Rock Farm in Meredith Rte 3 on Sat. April 28, 2018 10:00 AM-2:00 PM
 I will pick-up my order at Picnic Rock Farm in Meredith Rte 3 on Sun. April 29, 2018 10:00 AM- Noon

Full sun Shade Moist soil Drought resistant S Shorefront Well drained soil N Native Z5 zone 5 resists many diseases A acid soil
 Part sun Wet soil Salt tolerant Poisonous New item Cross pollination needed Deer dislike G groundcover resists some diseases

Evergreen, Conifers	Size at Purchase	Requirements	Cost 5 Plants	Cost 10 Plants	Cost 25 Plants	# of Plants	Total Cost
Fir, Balsam (3-2 yr)	10-18" inch	○◆◆AN	\$ 10	\$ 20	\$ 47		
Fir, Balsam Cooks Blue (2-2 yr)	2-4" inch	○◆◆AN*	\$ 14	\$ 28	\$ 33		
Fir, Canaan (3-2 yr)	4-8" inch	○◆◆	\$ 16	\$ 32	\$ 76		
Fir, Fraser (3-2 yr)	10-18" inch	○◆◆	\$ 10	\$ 20	\$ 47		
Juniper, Blue Rug (pot)	2-4" inch	○◆◆GN	\$ 19	\$ 38	\$ 90		
Spruce, Black Hills (2-2 yr)	12-18"	○◆◆	\$ 10	\$ 20	\$ 47		
Conservation, Wildlife, Groundcovers, & Others	Size at Purchase	Requirements	Cost 5 Plants	Cost 10 Plants	Cost 25 Plants	# of Plants	Total Cost
Arrowwood (wildlife food and shelter)	12-18" inch	○◆◆N	\$ 10	\$ 20	\$ 47		
Black Haw (edible fruit for all)	2-3 feet	○◆◆	\$ 20	\$ 40	\$ 93		
Cranberry, Highbush (American) (edible for all)	18-24" inch	○◆◆ANS	\$ 8	\$ 16	\$ 37		
Elderberry, American (berries only edible for all)	2-3' feet	○◆◆NS	\$ 8	\$ 16	\$ 37		
Lilac, Common purple (wildlife food and shelter)	1-2' feet	○◆◆N	\$ 8	\$ 16	\$ 37		
Pachysandra (ground cover)	Root cut	○◆◆GN	Not available	\$ 6	\$ 14		
Sand Cherry (wildlife food and shelter)	1-2' feet	○◆◆	\$ 8	\$ 16	\$ 37		
Snowberry (wildlife food and shelter)	6-12" inch	○◆◆N	\$ 12	\$ 24	\$ 55		
Willow, Nashiki (ornamental)	12-15" inch	○◆◆	\$ 19	\$ 38	\$ 90		
Willow, Pussy (wildlife food and shelter)	6-12" inch	○◆◆NS	\$ 20	\$ 40	\$ 93		
Deciduous & Nut Trees	Size at Purchase	Requirements	Cost 2 Plants	Cost 5 Plants	Cost 10 Plants	# of Plants	Total Cost
Ash, American Mountain (not a true ash)	2-3' feet	○◆◆AN	\$ 14	\$ 35	\$ 65		
Ginkgo	2-3' feet	○◆◆	\$ 12	\$ 30	\$ 56		
Hazelnut (edible for all)	2-3' feet	○◆◆N	\$ 12	\$ 30	\$ 56		
Maple, Sugar	2-3' feet	○◆◆N	\$ 6	\$ 15	\$ 28		
Oak, White (acorns edible for all)	2-3' feet	○◆◆	\$ 10	\$ 25	\$ 47		
PawPaw (edible for all)	1-2' feet	○◆◆AZ5	\$ 6	\$ 15	\$ 28		
Persimmon, American (edible for all)	1-2' feet	○◆◆	\$ 8	\$ 20	\$ 37		
Walnut, Black (edible for all)	2-3" feet	○◆◆N	\$ 6	\$ 15	\$ 28		
Berries, Roots, & Bulbs (Bareroot)	Size at Purchase	Requirements	Cost 1 Plant	Cost 5 Plants	Cost 25 Plants	# of Plants	Total Cost
Asparagus, Jersey Supreme	Crown	○◆◆	Not available	Not available	\$ 12		
Asparagus, Millennium	Crown	○◆◆	Not available	Not available	\$ 30		
Blueberry, Jersey	1-2' feet	○◆◆A	\$ 13	\$ 65	\$ 305		
Blueberry, Northland	1-2' feet	○◆◆A	\$ 11	\$ 55	\$ 258		
Blueberry, Patriot	1-2' feet	○◆◆A	\$ 11	\$ 55	\$ 258		
Blueberry, Razz	1-2' feet	○◆◆A*	\$ 13	\$ 65	\$ 305		
Grape, ThomCord (black seedless)	Root	○◆◆Z5*	\$ 15	\$ 75	\$ 350		
Grape, Vanessa (red seedless)	Root	○◆◆Z5*	\$ 11	\$ 55	\$ 258		
Raspberry, Boyne	1-2 feet	○◆◆	\$ 3.50	\$ 17.50	\$ 82		
Raspberry, Nova	1-2 feet	○◆◆	\$ 3.50	\$ 17.50	\$ 82		
Raspberry, Polka	1-2 feet	○◆◆*	\$ 4	\$ 20	\$ 94		
Strawberry, Albino Pineberry (mid season)	Crown	○◆◆*	Not available	Not available	\$ 15		
Strawberry, Earliglow (early season)	Crown	○◆◆	Not available	Not available	\$ 8		

Strawberry, Sparkle (late mid season)	Crown	○❖☼	Not available	Not available	\$ 8		
Strawberry, Sonata (mid season)	Crown	○❖☼	Not available	Not available	\$ 8		
Rhubarb, MacDonald	Root knot	○❖ⓧ	\$ 10	\$ 50	Not available		
Candy Onion Plant (Yellow)	Bunch	○❖*	\$ 5	\$ 25	Not available		
Redwing Onion Plant (Red)	Bunch	○❖☼*	\$ 5	\$ 25	Not available		
Shallots (Yellow French) sold by the pound	Bulbs	○❖	\$ 4	\$ 17.50	Not available		

Kiwi Pack (3 kiwi plants per pack; 1 male, 2 female) Cost per pack \$ 30 # of packages ordering →

Novelty Elderberry Pack; 1 Bob Gordon + 1 Wyldewood plant Cost per package \$ 17 ea. # of packs ordering →

Fruit Trees	Size at Purchase	Requirements	# Cost 1 Plant	# of Plants	Total Cost
Apple, Enterprise (Semi-Dwarf)	4-6'; 1/2"	○❖☼☼☼☼	\$ 16		
Apple, Freedom (Dwarf)	4-6'; 1/2-5/8	○❖☼☼☼☼	\$ 16		
Apple, Grimes Golden (Dwarf)	4-6'; 1/2+	○❖☼☼☼☼	\$ 16		
Apple, Macoun (Semi-Dwarf)	4-6'; 1/2"	○❖☼☼☼☼	\$ 16		
Apricot, Orange Red	4-6'; 5/8-3/4	○❖☼☼☼Z5	\$ 18		
Cherry, North Star -tart, self-fertile	4-6'; 3/8-1/2"	○❖☼☼☼Z5	\$ 18		
Crabapple, Hyslop (Semi-Dwarf)	4-6'; 3/8"	○❖☼☼☼	\$ 16		
Crabapple, Indian Summer (Semi-Dwarf)	4-6'; 3/8"	○❖☼☼☼	\$ 16		
Nectarine, Fantasia	4-6'; 5/8-3/4"	○❖☼☼☼	\$ 17		
Peach, John Boy	4-6'; 5/8-3/4"	○❖☼☼☼☼	\$ 17		
Pear, Blake's Pride	4-6'; 5/8-3/4"	○❖☼☼☼☼	\$ 17		
Pear, Shenandoah	4-6'; 5/8-3/4"	○❖☼☼☼☼	\$ 17		
Plum, Bluebyrd	4-6'; 3/4-7/8"	○❖☼☼☼☼☼	\$ 18		
Plum, Castleton	4-6'; 3/4-7/8"	○❖☼☼☼☼	\$ 18		

Plants are packaged by date orders were received; get yours in early for the best selection! Do not mix species to receive the per quantity price. No refunds for orders not picked up. BCCD is not responsible for typos or plants after consumer pick-up. BCCD reserves the right to refund money for unavailable plants or items.

Please consider a tax deductible donation \$ _____
 Yes, I want a 14"x14" canvas tote bag for my donation of \$35 or more (check box)
 Tree and Shrub Grand Total Due \$ _____

If you would like to help sort plants prior to pick-up or help the day of distribution, please check this box. Any amount of time is appreciated. Ages 14 and up are welcome to help in this friendly, yet messy, event. Please contact BCCD for more details.

LIVE TROUT

Orders Due
Trout April 23
Plants March 6

Prices: Brook Trout and Rainbow Trout 6" to 8" are \$60 per one unit of 25 fish.
 Brook Trout and Rainbow Trout 10" to 12" are \$190 per one unit of 50 fish.
 Floating Trout Feed: 40 lbs. = \$50 (Fish cannot be mixed to meet minimum purchase units.)

Pick-up: For fish 6" to 8" (Bagged) **Sunday, April 30th, 12:00 -12:30 PM at Picnic Rock Farm, Route #3 Meredith, NH** (map mailed with invoice) **Failure to pick-up fish on time results in forfeiture of order!**
 (Fish must be picked-up within the half-hour scheduled and released into your pond immediately)

Pond Delivery: For fish 10" to 12" **Late April or Early May. Delivery date & time decided by the hatchery.**
 Please provide very detailed, written directions to your pond with your order form and payment. Include in directions: your name, town, mileage from turn-offs and intersections, road names, landmarks, and description of property. We reserve the right to cancel your order prior to delivery date should complications necessitate such action. Your money will be refunded to you in that event. **Complications on delivery day due to poor directions or un-passable roads will result in a forfeiture of your order. Your order will not be refunded as the fish cannot be returned to the hatchery.**

Please return order form with check payable to BCCD, 64 Court Street, Laconia, NH 03246

Name _____ Phone _____
 Address _____

For deliveries of fish 10" to 12", please provide a map and written detailed directions.

Size	Rainbow or Brook	Quantity	Price
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	Floating Trout Feed	_____	_____



Thank You For Your Purchase Trout Total Cost _____

2018 BCCD Spring Flower & Bulb Sale Order Form

Variety	Purchase Size	5 Bulb	10 Bulbs	25 Bulbs	Quantity	Cost
Lily of the Valley	Pips	\$4.00	\$7.75	\$18.75		
Gladiolus 'Sun Kissed'	14/16cm	\$2.00	\$3.75	\$9.25		
Gladiolus 'Purple Flora'	14/16cm	\$2.00	\$3.75	\$9.25		
Gladiolus 'Bananarama'	14/16cm	\$2.00	\$3.75	\$9.25		

Variety	Purchase Size	1 Bulb	3 Bulbs	5 Bulbs	Quantity	Cost
Bleeding Heart	Clump with 2-3 Eyes	\$1.50	\$4.00	\$6.00		
Geranium 'Ballerina'	#1 Size Root Clump	\$4.50	\$12.25	\$18.00		
Astilbe 'Burgandy Red'	Clump with 2-3 Eyes	\$3.25	\$8.75	\$13.00		
Dahlia 'Mystery Day'	#1 Size Root Clump	\$4.00	\$10.75	\$16.00		
Dahlia 'Kelvin Floodlight'	#1 Size Root Clump	\$4.00	\$10.75	\$16.00		
Dahlia 'Thomas A. Edison'	#1 Size Root Clump	\$4.00	\$10.75	\$16.00		
Daylily 'Baja'	1-2 Fan Bareroot	\$3.50	\$9.50	\$14.00		
Lily 'Salmon Star'	16/18cm	\$2.75	\$7.25	\$11.00		
Lily Asiatic 'Kaveri'	14/16cm	\$2.50	\$6.75	\$10.00		
Lily 'Honeymoon'	16/18cm	\$2.50	\$6.75	\$10.00		
Iris 'Caesar's Brother'	#1 Size Root Clump	\$2.50	\$6.75	\$10.00		
Peony 'Karl Rosenfield'	Clump with 2-3 Eyes	\$6.75	\$18.25	\$27.00		
Peony 'Sarah Bernhardt'	Clump with 2-3 Eyes	\$5.50	\$14.75	\$22.00		
Balloon Flower	#1 Size Root Clump	\$2.25	\$6.00	\$9.00		
Hosta 'Francee'	#1 Size Root Clump	\$2.75	\$7.50	\$11.00		

NH Grown Potted Plants

Variety	Purchase Size	1 Pot	3 Pot	5 Pot	Quantity	Cost
Great Blue Lobellia	2 Quart Pot	\$10.00	\$27.00	\$40.00		
Cardinal Flower	2 Quart Pot	\$10.00	\$27.00	\$40.00		
Bee Balm 'Fistulosa'	1 Gallon Pot	\$11.00	\$29.75	\$44.00		
Eastern Bluebells	1 Quart Pot	\$9.50	\$25.75	\$38.00		
Bearberry	2 Quart Pot	\$12.00	\$32.50	\$48.00		
Shasta Daisy 'Whoops-A-Daisy'	1 Gallon Pot	\$11.00	\$29.75	\$44.00		
Joe-Pye-Weed 'Bonesat'	1 Gallon Pot	\$11.00	\$29.75	\$44.00		
English Lavender	2 Quart Pot	\$10.00	\$27.00	\$40.00		
Blue Hill Sage	1 Gallon Pot	\$11.00	\$29.75	\$44.00		
Ostrich Fern	1 Gallon Pot	\$13.00	\$35.25	\$52.00		
Anemone 'Pink Saucer'	1 Gallon Pot	\$10.00	\$27.00	\$40.00		
Columbine 'Little Lanterns'	2 Quart Pot	\$9.50	\$25.75	\$38.00		
Dianthus 'Coconut Surprise'	2 Quart Pot	\$10.00	\$27.00	\$40.00		
Dianthus 'Firestar'	2 Quart Pot	\$10.00	\$27.00	\$40.00		
Siebold's Primrose	2 Quart Pot	\$10.00	\$27.00	\$40.00		
Mountain Mint	1 Quart Pot	\$8.00	\$21.75	\$32.00		
Giant Purple Hyssop	1 Quart Pot	\$8.00	\$21.75	\$32.00		

Please Consider a Tax-Deductible Donation to BCCD--Thank you! \$
Orders Due March 6, 2018 Total Due For Flowers and Bulbs: \$

Name: _____ Address: _____ Email: _____
 Date Picking Up Order circle one: April 27 April 28 April 29 (Details on Tree Order Form)

View color pictures & descriptions of flowers offered by visiting
BCCD website at www.belknapccd.org



Having trouble viewing this email? [View it as a Web page.](#)

Press Release

USDA NRCS NH Contact:
Betty Anderson,
Public Affairs Specialist
603-868-9931 x136
betty.anderson@nh.usda.gov
www.nh.nrcs.usda.gov

Assistance Available to Agricultural Producers through the Conservation Stewardship Program

Dover, New Hampshire, January 18, 2018 – Agricultural producers wanting to enhance current conservation efforts are encouraged to apply for the Conservation Stewardship Program (CSP).

Through CSP, USDA's Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) helps private landowners build their business while implementing conservation practices that help ensure the sustainability of their entire operation. NRCS plans to enroll up to 10 million acres in CSP in 2018.

While applications for CSP are accepted year round, applications must be received by March 2, 2018 to be considered for this funding period.

Through CSP, agricultural producers and forest landowners earn payments for actively managing, maintaining, and expanding conservation activities like cover crops, ecologically-based pest management, buffer strips, and pollinator and beneficial insect habitat – all while maintaining active agriculture production on their land. CSP also encourages the adoption of cutting-edge technologies and new management techniques such as precision agriculture applications, on-site carbon storage and planting for high carbon sequestration rate, and new soil amendments to improve water quality.

Some of these benefits of CSP include:

- Improved cattle gains per acre;
- Increased crop yields;
- Decreased inputs;
- Wildlife population improvements; and
- Better resilience to weather extremes.

NRCS recently made several updates to the program to help producers better evaluate their conservation options and the benefits to their operations and natural resources. New methods and software for evaluating applications help producers see up front why they are or are not meeting stewardship thresholds, and allow them to pick practices and enhancements that work for their conservation objectives. These tools also enable producers to see potential payment scenarios for conservation early in the process. For more information contact the District Conservationist for Belknap County, Nels Liljedahl at telephone (603) 447-2771, or Soil Conservationist, Bill Hoey at telephone (603) 223-6022.

Ginkgo	○❖❖☒	S 40-50'	Has fan shaped leaves, excellent fall color. Native to the USA 100 million years ago (but long extinct), herbalists feel that it has medicinal value, and feel it improves memory when properly processed. <i>Mature female trees carry messy fruit with an unpleasant odor, however, takes up to 30 years to bear fruit. (Male and female trees cannot be distinguished until mature.)</i>
Hazelnut, (aka American Filbert)	○❖❖☒☒ N	M-R 10-15' H	Easy growing. Broad tree, round top, dark green foliage turns light yellow in fall, flowers in May-June. Nuts mature September, drop from husks and are eaten by turkey, grouse, quail, pheasant, humans, and deer. Need 2 or more.
Maple, Sugar	○❖❖☒N	M 60-120'	Gorgeous fall color. Largest maple. Commercial value for syrup and wood. Needs protection from wildlife when young. Generally not browsed by deer.
Oak, White	○❖❖ & leaves poisonous to some farm animals	M 60' H 15' W	Dense bluish-green foliage in summer, reddish-brown in autumn. Broad, round massive crown, wide spreading branches with high resistance to ice damage and oak wilt; some resistance to road salt. Tannin in leaves can be poisonous to cattle, horses, sheep and goats if eaten in large quantity. Acorns feed many forms of wildlife but may not develop every year. Grows best in a deep, loamy, well drained soil. Needs room to mature properly. Highly valued long lived tree and require very little maintenance. Native to eastern and mid United States.
PawPaw	○❖❖☒ A Z5	9-36 H 9-36	Medium size tree has pear shaped leaves with whitish hair on top, rusty red on the bottom, and smells similar to bell pepper. Green flowers turn dark purple or maroon. Bears fruit in 7 years. Fruit is yellowish green to brown and mango-shaped, 7 to 16 cm long, and may grow in groups of up to 4. Fruit ripens late Sept. into Oct. and has a thin skin containing a yellow custard-like pulp that tastes similar to a mix of papaya, melon, and banana. Delicious in cream pies and desserts or eaten fresh; fruit also eaten by opossum, raccoon, foxes and squirrels. Tree suckers to form colonies. Very pest resistant. Need 2 for pollination.
Persimmon, American Common	○❖❖☒	S 40'	Tree grows slowly to reach 25 to 40' high, 20 to 35' wide. Stem is slender with an oval-rounded crown, often very symmetrical. Trees sucker into groves or colonies. White, fragrant, sweet flowers are a favorite of bees. Edible fruit ripens to deep orange color after several frosts and can be eaten by wildlife. Two trees needed for pollination to produce fruit. Wood is used for golf club heads, billiard cues, and flooring.
Walnut, Black	○❖❖☒N	M 100'	Large flavorful nuts Oct-Nov. Valued wood for cabinets. Space 30' apart for nut production; 8' apart for timber production. Need 2 or more for nut production. Walnut trees may produce chemical (Juglone) that inhibits growth of other plants; however, there is debate on whether this true or should be of concern.
BERRIES, ROOTS, BULBS & OTHERS OF INTEREST			
Asparagus, Jersey Supreme	○❖☒□ ⌘	M 3-6' H	Supreme very high yield once established. Produces a light harvest in 2nd year, larger harvest in 3rd year, and full harvest afterwards. Spear size more uniform than other Jersey hybrids. Supreme is cold tolerant and produces early. Best adapted to light to medium sandy soils. Has demonstrated very good rust resistance and selected for its tolerance to fusarium.
Asparagus, Millennium	○❖☒□	M 3-6' H	Millennium is a very high yielding, high quality hybrid, cold hardy variety producing succulent, excellent tasting spears. Does well even in medium to heavy soils. Experiment to find optimal growing conditions in your garden.
Blueberry, Jersey	○❖☒☒ acid soil	M 4-6'	Jersey is a late-season variety, easy to grow, high-yielding, and one of the oldest & widely grown blueberry varieties. Berries are dark blue, medium in size, and very sweet. A tall and well-shaped bush, it has excellent ornamental value, too.
Blueberry, Northland	○❖☒☒ A	M 4-5'	Highbush with small, dark blueberries that taste similar to wild and make great jam and muffins. This variety has excellent winter hardiness and very good for shoreland areas. Grows best in soils rich organic matter with pH 4.0-5.2 (acid). (S)
Blueberry, Patriot	○❖☒☒ A	M 4-6' H	Maine early season highbush variety. Extra hardy large fruit, nice color and flavor. Protect from strong wind. Vigorous plant, likes rich organic matter. Soil pH 4.5-5.2
Blueberry, Razz	○❖☒☒ A new item	M 4-6' H	Something unique! A blueberry with a definite raspberry flavor! Ripens mid-season with large fruit. Fruit continues to soften after picking so best for fresh eating by home gardener and not commercial growers.
Grape – ThomCord	○❖ Z5 new item	Vine	Seedless table grape. Blue-black skinned medium sized fruit has mild sweet flavor of Thompson grape blended with taste of Concord grape. Fruit is firmer and more heat tolerant than Concord. Self-pollinating. Ripens in August.
Grape – Vanessa	○❖ Z5 new item	Vine	Seedless table grapes of medium-size an oval shape with a rich, deep-red color. Firm, crisp flesh ripens in August. Vigorous self-pollinating vines are hardy. Soil pH 5.5-6.5
Raspberry, Boyne	○❖⌘	M 3-4'	Boyne is an early-season variety that is extremely winter hardy. Consistently produces deep-red, medium-sized berries. The medium sweet, aromatic flavor makes it great for freezing and jam. Will grow where other varieties experience winter damage to canes.

Raspberry, Nova	○❖⌘	M 3-4'	Summer bearing. From the Nova Scotia, Canada, breeding. Very winter hardy and tolerant of heat. Berries are firm, bright-red, medium to large in size, and have good shelf life. Canes are vigorous, growing upright with light spines.
Raspberry, Polka	○❖⌘ new item	M 4-6'	Polka produces double the harvest of other raspberries. Once established canes produce deep-red large berries with an exceptionally sweet taste and outstanding shelf life. Harvest late July - Oct. Said to be virtually spine-free, will produce in less desirable soils, resistant to root rot and mosaic virus complex.
Strawberry, Albino Pineberry	○❖⌘☒ new item	M 1'	Pineberry is not self-fertile and needs cross pollination from different variety to develop its fruit; we suggest Sonata Strawberry for this. Berry is small sized with excellent winter hardiness and flavor. Distinctive fruit color is white to pink. Patent law prohibits repropagation of this plant for resale or trade.
Strawberry, Earliglow	○❖⌘	M 1'	Recommended for beginners. Fruit has very firm, glossy skin, firm flesh, and medium size. Sweet flavor excellent for fresh eating and freezing. Fruit size decreases as season progresses. Plants are very vigorous and runner well. Has good resistance to red stele and intermediate resistance to Verticillium wilt.
Strawberry, Sparkle	○❖⌘	M 1' H	Late-mid season heirloom variety just right for beginners as it is extremely vigorous. Flavorful, high-quality, attractive fruit; best for jam and freezing.
Strawberry, Sonata	○❖⌘	M 1'	Large firm conic-shaped glossy red berry ripens in June, has excellent flavor and freezes well. Plant resists most leaf diseases. Recommend soil pH of 6.5-6.8
Rhubarb, MacDonald	○❖⌘	M 1-2'	Vigorous upright growing, resistant to root rot. Large tender red stalks. Only stalks can be eaten, <i>other parts are toxic if eaten in quantity.</i>
Candy Onion Plant	○❖ new item	2' stem	Extra sweet and mild. 3-4" globes with tight, light yellow skin. Well adapted from northern Texas to the Maine, it's a day neutral variety.
Redwing Onion Plant	○❖⌘	2' stem	Long day (requires 15 hours of daylight) large red onion with great flavor and deep red ring color that deepens during storage. Excellent for slicing and eating fresh but also has exceptional storage length. Resistant to foliar disease and bolting.
Shallots – Yellow (French type)	○❖		Shallots have yellow skin and crisp zesty light colored flesh. Plant whole bulb as early as possible in the spring as soon as your soil is workable; usually 2 to 4 weeks prior to your last frost date. One shallot bulb produces multiple shallot bulbs. To harvest allow to ripen thoroughly and leaves to wither just above the neck of the shallots. At that time remove from the garden; knock off the dirt and allow to dry for several days. Once dried, store by roping or hanging in netted bags in a cool area.
Kiwi Pack	○❖☒	10-12' vine mature size	The pack contains 2 female Kiwi and 1 male Kiwi which will not fruit but is needed for pollination. Female plants: 1 Anna will yield sweet, green skinned grape sized fruit that develops a purple-red blush in the sun, and 1 Michigan State will be very productive with large fruit (up to 1 oz.) Fruit ripens in Sept.
Novelty Elderberry Pack	○❖☒	6' canes mature size	Elderberries fruit is fragile and doesn't store well and is the reason it is processed very soon after harvest in mid-Aug. to Sept. Bob Gordon Elderberry produces huge clusters of 1/4 inch berries. Pendulous flower heads prevent birds from getting all the fruit. An unusual elderberry, its fruit grows on new canes, cutting canes to the ground yearly will shorten plants. Wyldewood Elderberry is an American hybrid with large dark purple berries on tall upright 6' canes. Wyldewood cross pollinates Bob Gordon Elderberry.
FRUIT TREES			
Apple, Enterprise (Semi Dwarf)	○❖⌘☒⌘	M 14-16'	Late-maturing in October with a deep red apple, good keeping qualities. Fruit is uniform and medium to large in size. Tree is vigorous and spreading, with good annual bearing habits. Highly resistant to fire blight and cedar apple rust.
Apple, Freedom (Dwarf)	○❖⌘☒⌘	M 10'	Nova Spy introduced by Nova Scotia harvests at same time as Northern Spy, but more sweet with pleasant flavor making it very good for fresh eating. It bakes well and is a good keeper. Has good resistance to apple scab. Ripens early Oct.
Apple, Grimes Golden (Dwarf)	○❖⌘☒⌘	M 10' H	Heirloom apple with green-yellow skin and exceptionally juicy fine-grained sweet flesh suitable for fresh use, cooking and cider. Ripens late Sept. early Oct.
Apple, Macoun (Semi-Dwarf)	○❖⌘☒⌘	M 14-16' H	Macoun (pronounced McCowen) is an antique American apple with great sweet flavor. A cross between McIntosh and Jersey Black, fruit is medium-large sized with deep red over green skin and crisp white flesh. Tree is winter hardy, blooms mid-May, flesh ripens in Sept.
Apricot, Orange Red	○❖⌘☒ Z5	M	Fruit develops red blush over bright orange ground color. Fruit texture is firm with high quality. Orangered has it all! Makes a brightly colored jam and is great for fresh eating, drying, baking and juice. Needs cross-pollination from another variety. Ripens early July. Zone 5.
Cherry, North Star (Tart)	○❖⌘ Z5	15' H 15' W	Produces abundant fruit in June perfect for juice of desserts. Tree is self-pollinating, cold hardy, and disease resistant to brown rot and leaf spot.
Crabapple, Hyslop Cross pollinates apples.	○❖⌘⌘	30' possible	Hyslop, around since the 1800s. Large fruit matures mid-Sept has dark red skin, purple overtones. Tart, astringent flavor perfect for cider, jelly, spiced crab apples. Blooms are white and good pollinator for early to mid-season apple varieties.

Crabapple, Indian Summer (Semi Dwarf) Cross pollinates apples.	○❖☼	M 14-16' H	Abundant red-pink flowers with viable pollen over an extended period of time thus is a good source of pollen for many other apple varieties and itself. Tree is very productive annual bearer and has good disease resistance. Attracts bees, butterflies and others. Crabapples are used for jams/jellies, and ciders rather than eating fresh.
Nectarine – Fantasia	○❖☼	15'	Fantasia is an excellent quality, yellow fleshed freestone nectarine ripens in late August/early September. Fruit is large, nearly full red, with a smooth glossy finish. Trees are vigorous, hardy and very productive.
Peach, John Boy	○❖☼☼	M	Large bright crimson red over a yellow-green skin, yellow-fleshed, semi-freestone peach ripening in July-Aug. The flesh is firm with good flavor. Tree is very vigorous and productive, with medium susceptibility to bacterial spot.
Pear, Blakes Pride	○❖☼☼☼	M 18' H	The fruit is medium in size with an attractive yellow color and excellent, aromatic flavor. Produces annual crops, has a high degree of resistance to fire blight.
Pear, Shenandoah	○❖☼☼☼	M 15-18'	Green skinned large fruit size with traditional pear flavor and stores very well without breakdown. Blight resistance is good. Needs cross pollinator.
Plum, Bluebyrd	○❖☼☼☼☼	M 12' H	Firm, super sweet amber fleshed medium sized plum that's highly productive. The tree is vigorous and productive and has shown great resistance to black knot. Ripens in mid-August.
Plum, Castleton	○❖☼☼☼	M 12-15' H	Castleton is self-fertile. Fruit ripens mid-August, is mid-sized, dark blue, slightly oval with mildly acidic tasting flesh and has a freestone. The tree is spreading and consistently produces a heavy crop. Great for fresh eating, cooking and preserving. A favorite for home canning, makes an excellent burgundy jam.

All programs and services of the Belknap County Conservation District are offered without regard to race, color, national origin, religion, sex, age, disability, political belief, and marital or familial status

Free Workshop

Light Refreshments
will be served.

Stream Restoration and Flood Resiliency Workshop

March 14th from 4:30 to 6:30 PM at Meredith Community Center, 1 Circle Drive, Meredith, NH

Speakers will cover topics including:

- How streams and roads interact with transportation and ecosystem services.
- Aquatic Resources Mitigation (ARM) Fund and other resources available & how to use them.
- State Stream Crossing Initiative stream assessments and culvert replacement.
- Examples of successful flood resiliency and stream restoration projects.

New Hampshire Aquatic Resource Mitigation Program

Lori Sommer, NHDES, Wetlands Bureau – Overview of ARM program, funds available, project eligibility and guidance on application materials.

State Stream Crossing Initiative and Web Tool

Cheryl Bondi, NHDES, Geological Survey – Stream crossing assessments across the state with focus on prioritizing culvert replacement projects for flood resiliency and stream restoration.

Panel on Stream Restoration and Flood Resiliency Resources

Discussion on Chapter 319 Watershed Assistance Grants, Homeland Security and Emergency Management Hazard Mitigation Assistance Grants, and NRCS and State Programs

Stream Restoration through Partnerships

Colin Lawson, Trout Unlimited – Using culvert replacement and large wood to restore stream condition and flood resiliency – recent project examples.

Opportunity to Speak with Presenters – Speakers available for questions.

To Pre-Register: Visit web page at <https://www.eventbrite.com/e/stream-restoration-and-flood-resiliency-workshop-tickets-42363874489> or for more information email Lisa Morin at lisa.morin@nhacdnet.net or call 527-5880

Program hosts: NH Department of Environmental Services, Department of Transportation, NH Association of Conservation Commissions, and Belknap County Conservation District. Funded in part by the New England Forest and Rivers Fund.

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ORDER DEADLINES

Bulb & Potted Plant Sale Deadline: March 6

Tree & Shrub Sale Deadline: March 6

Trout Sale Deadline: April 23



Packet Contains

Tree, Shrub, Bulb, Potted Plant Sale Order Forms & Descriptions

Trout Sale Order Form

Stream Restoration and Flood Resiliency Workshop Info

Workshop on March 14 from 4:30-6:30 PM at Meredith Community Center. Pre-registration suggested.

These are fundraising activities for the Belknap County Conservation District (BCCD) & NH Gleans-Belknap County.